Name: _____

Date: _____ Grade: _____

SECTION 1 QUIZ



Remember:
Score an 85% or higher on all three quizzes and you may be exempt from the chapter test!



Congratulations! You have completed this section!
Answer the following questions to test your understanding of the material. When you are finished, hand in your quiz to your teacher. Each of the 50 questions is worth 2.0 points.

Matching:

1. _____ *Mayflower*
2. _____ Line of Proclamation in 1763
3. _____ George Washington
4. _____ Samoset
5. _____ William Bradford
6. _____ Pilgrims
7. _____ Squanto
8. _____ *Of Plymouth Plantation*
9. _____ Mayflower Compact
10. _____ Navigation Acts
11. _____ Plymouth Colony
12. _____ Sugar, Stamp and Townshend Acts

(a) "Father of our Country," commander of Continental Army
(b) 1620, America's first successful combination of community cooperation, free enterprise, moral values and religious freedom
(c) Willing to sacrifice all for religious freedom
(d) the ship on which the Pilgrims arrived in America in 1620
(e) established by King George III of England to limit areas of colonial settlement
(f) friendly Indian who introduced Squanto and Wampanoag Chief to the Pilgrims
(g) British attempts to control American commerce
(h) book by William Bradford supplying information about early colonial times
(i) unjust British taxes on American goods, sparked rebellion
(j) overcame many hardships, governed Plymouth Colony for over 30 years, pioneered concept of free enterprise
(k) famous agreement to enact justice and equality, written in 1620
(l) Indian who arranged a treaty between Pilgrims and Chief Massasoit; helped Pilgrims plant crops and hunt wild game

Matching: Match the events with the dates.

13. _____ 1620
14. _____ 1754-1763
15. _____ 1773
16. _____ 1775-1781
17. _____ 1789

(a) French and Indian War
(b) Pilgrims land, Mayflower Compact signed
(c) First president of the United States, George Washington, took office
(d) American War for Independence (actual fighting)
(e) Boston Tea Party where colonists disguised themselves as Indians and dumped cargo of English tea into Boston Harbor

True or False:

18. _____ No one in the British government supported independence for the American Colonies.
19. _____ Biblical principles were the basis of colonial self-government.
20. _____ Most colonists were from France, Spain and Holland.
21. _____ After numerous shots had been fired at Washington, an enemy Indian chief concluded that Washington was being protected by the Great Spirit.
22. _____ Concerning his successes in life, Washington credited his mother and God.
23. _____ During one battle of the French and Indian War, two horses were shot from under George Washington, and he received four bullet holes in his jacket but was not wounded.
24. _____ The majority of colonists thought war with England would solve British/colonial controversies.
25. _____ The Intolerable Acts led to colonial armed resistance to British rule.

Multiple Choice:

26. _____ Colonies were begun for economic or religious reasons.
    (a) All (b) Most (c) A few (d) No
27. During the War for Independence, when government funding was exhausted, George Washington unselfishly paid soldiers wages and bought _____ with his personal resources.
    (a) fancy new colonial suits (b) new houses (c) necessary supplies
28. Washington sought _____ from trustworthy people when he had important decisions to make.
    (a) counsel (b) money (c) food

Matching:

29. _____ New England Colonies
30. _____ concept established by colonial self-government
31. _____ Middle Colonies
32. _____ Southern Colonies
33. _____ American work ethic

(a) America as a republic
(b) ruled by the King of England, yet were first to practice a representative government
(c) "Bread Colonies"
(d) had town meetings as part of self-government
(e) Industry + Virtue + Frugality = Success

Matching:

34. _____ settled for a combination of religious, economic and/or political reasons
35. _____ settled for mainly economic reasons
36. _____ first written constitution in American Colonies
37. _____ first representative government and bill of rights in American Colonies

(a) New York, New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina
(b) Virginia House of Burgesses
(c) New Hampshire, Connecticut, Georgia
(d) Fundamental Orders of Connecticut
(e) Articles of Confederation

SECTION QUIZ 1

Fill in the Blank: Choose the correct answers from the Word Bank. One word is used twice.

WORD BANK

Free Enterprise	conquer	Monticello	Tea Party	you	Massacre
Quartering	countrymen	surrender	Mt. Vernon	me	freedom
democratic	character	courage	Intolerable	soldiers	
responsible					

38. *"If it is to be, it's up to _____."*

39. The name of George Washington's plantation was _____.

40. Because the fate of the nation depended on the Continental Army, Washington told his men they should be prepared to _____ or die.

41. People kept coming to the New World in search of religious _____, economic advantages, and adventure.

42. Strong moral _____ and an adventuresome spirit enabled the Pilgrims to endure great hardship.

43. Washington was famous for being "first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his _____."

44. *"_____ is resistance to fear, mastery of fear, not absence of fear."*

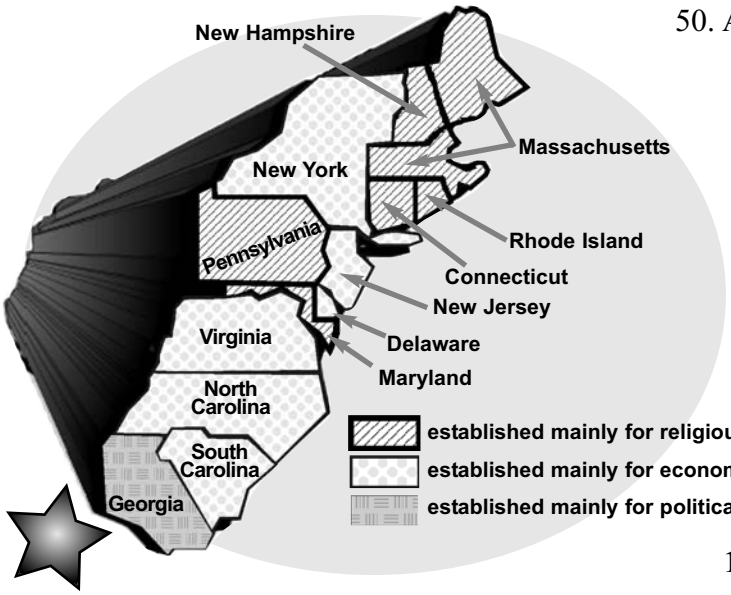
45. *"Crisis does not only develop _____, it also reveals it."*

46. *"Hold yourself _____ for a higher standard than anyone else expects of you. Never (make excuses for) yourself."*

47. Bradford's new economic plan included private ownership, which provided personal incentive and became the basis of America's _____ system.

48. The _____ Act required Colonists to house and feed British troops.

49. Britain's _____ Acts included suspension of Colonial self government and closing of Boston Harbor.



50. According to the map on the left and what you have studied, the Colonies established primarily for religious reasons were comprised mainly of _____.

(a) Southern Colonies
(b) Middle Colonies
(c) New England Colonies
(d) Middle and Southern Colonies